

1. The windchill W depends on the speed v of the wind and the actual temperature T . It is given by the formula

$$W(v,T) = 35.74 + 0.6215T - 35.75(v^{0.16}) + 0.4275 T (v^{0.16})$$

where T is the air temperature in degrees Fahrenheit,

v = wind speed (in mph)

W is the windchill temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.

- Tell the windchill if the true temperature is 35 degrees F and the wind is 10 mph.
- Tell the windchill if the true temperature is 35 degrees F and the wind is 20 mph.
- Tell the windchill if the true temperature is 5 degrees F and the wind is 10 mph.
- Tell the windchill if the true temperature is 5 degrees F and the wind is 20 mph.
- Tell the windchill if the true temperature is 35 degrees F and the wind is 0 mph.

Answers:

- 27.4 degrees F
- 23.9 degrees F
- 9.7 degrees F
- 15.4 degrees F
- 57.5 degrees F

2. Recall that the body mass index is given by the formula

$B(w,h) = 703 w / h^2$ The units of B are kg/m^2 when w is the weight in pounds and h is the height in inches.

- Tell the body mass index of a man who is 6 feet 2 inches tall and weighs 180 pounds.
- Tell the body mass index of a man who is 5 feet 9 inches tall and weighs 300 pounds.
- Tell the body mass index of a man who is 5 feet 10 inches tall and weighs 120 pounds.

Using the chart tell how the weight is classified.

Answers:

- 23.1 kg/m^2 normal
- 44.3 kg/m^2 obese
- 17.2 underweight

3. The temperature T at (x,y,z) is

$$T(x,y,z) = 2x^2 + 2y^2 + z^2 \text{ degrees C.}$$

Find the temperature at the point $(1, 2, 3)$.

Answer: 19 degrees C.

4. Tell the rate of flow of blood in a blood vessel that has radius 0.15 cm, length 3 mm, with a pressure change of 15 mmHg, and viscosity 0.005 Pascal sec.

Answer:

Hence $V = 265 \text{ cc/sec.}$

5. Draw a contour map for the function $f(x,y) = x+y$.

6. Draw a contour map for the function $f(x,y) = 2x + y$.

7. Draw a contour map for the function $f(x,y) = x y$.

1. If $f(x,y) = 4x^5y^3$ find

- (a) $f_y(x,y)$ (b) $f_x(x,y)$
 (c) $f_x(1,2)$ (d) $f_y(1,2)$
 (e) $2f_y(x,y)$ (f) $2f_x(x,y)$
 (g) $2f_{xy}(x,y)$ (h) $2f_{yx}(1,2)$
 (i) $2f_{xx}(1,2)$ (j) $2f_{xy}(1,2)$

Answers:

- (a) $12x^4y^2$ (b) $20x^4y^3$
 (c) 160 (d) 48
 (e) $24x^4y$ (f) $80x^3y^3$
 (g) $48x^3y^2$ (h) 48
 (i) 640 (j) 192

2. The temperature at point (x,y) is $z = 30 + 3x^2 + 4xy$ degrees, where x and y are in feet.

- (a) Find the rate of change of temperature with respect to x when y is constantly 2, at $x = 1$.
 (b) Find the rate of change of temperature with respect to y when x is constantly 1, at $y = 2$.
 (c) Find the rate of change of temperature with respect to x when $x = 2$, $y = 3$.
 (d) Find the rate of change of temperature with respect to y when $x = 2$, $y = 3$.

Answers: (a) 14 degrees/ft (b) 4 degrees/ft
 (c) 20 degrees/ft (d) 8 degrees/ft

3. Find the equation of the plane tangent to the graph $z = x^2 + 3y^2 + 4$ at the point where $x = 1$ and $y = 2$.

Answer. $z = 2x + 12y - 9$

4. Recall that the body mass index is given by the formula

$B(w,h) = 703w/h^2$ The units of B are kg/m^2 when w is the weight in pounds and h is the height in inches.

- (a) Find B_w
 (b) Find B_h
 (c) Find the rate of change of the body mass index with respect to w when $w = 120$ pounds and $h = 65$ inches.
 (d) Find the rate of change of the body mass index with respect to h when $w = 120$ pounds and $h = 65$ inches.

Answers (a) $703/h^2$ (b) $-1406w/h^3$
 (c) $0.166 \text{ kg/m}^2/\text{pound}$ (d) $-0.614 \text{ kg/m}^2/\text{inch}$

5. Let $z = (x-2y)/(x+y)$

- (a) Find z_x
 (b) Find z_y
 (c) Find $2z_{yy}$
 (d) Find $2z_{xx}$
 (e) Find the equation of the plane tangent to the graph where $x = 1$ and $y = 1$.

Answers:

- (a) $3y/(x+y)^2$
 (b) $-3x/(x+y)^2$
 (c) $6x/(x+y)^3$
 (d) $-6y/(x+y)^3$
 (e) $z = (3/4)x - (3/4)y - (1/2)$

Math 182 Spring 2007 Homework Sheet H.

1. The height of a wave in the ocean at position x (in feet) and time t (in seconds) is $5 \sin(3x - 10t)$ feet.

- (a) Tell the height when $x = 0$ and $t = 0$.
- (b) Tell the rate of change of the height with respect to time.
- (c) Tell the rate of change of height with respect to time when $x = 0$ and $t = 0$.
- (d) Tell the rate of change of the height with respect to position.
- (e) Tell the rate of change of height with respect to position when $x = 0$ and $t = 0$.
- (f) Tell the second derivative of height with respect to time.
- (g) Tell the second derivative of height with respect to time when $x = 0$ and $t = 0$.

Answers:

- (a) 0 feet
- (b) $-50 \cos(3x-10t)$
- (c) -50 feet/sec
- (d) $15 \cos(3x-10t)$
- (e) 15 feet/foot = 15
- (f) $500 \sin(3x-10t)$
- (g) 0 ft/sec^2

2. Find the equation of the plane tangent to the graph of $z = x e^{-y}$ at the point $(1,0)$.

Answer: $z = x - y$

3. Let $g(x,y) = x e^{2y}$.

- (a) Find $g_x(1,0)$.
- (b) Find $g_y(1,0)$.
- (c) Find $g_{xx}(1,0)$.
- (d) Find $g_{yy}(1,0)$.
- (e) Find $g_{xy}(1,0)$.

Answers: (a) 1 (b) 2 (c) 0 (d) 4 (e) 2

4. Let $g(x,y) = x^2 e^{3y}$.

- (a) Find $g_x(1,0)$.
- (b) Find $g_y(1,0)$.
- (c) Find $g_{xx}(1,0)$.
- (d) Find $g_{yy}(1,0)$.
- (e) Find $g_{xy}(1,0)$.
- (f) Find $g_y(2,0)$.
- (g) Find $g_{yy}(2,0)$.

Ans: (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 2 (d) 9 (e) 6
(f) 12 (g) 36

5. Let $g(x,y) = x^2 e^{4xy}$.

- (a) Find g_x .
- (b) Find $g_x(1,1)$.
- (c) Find g_y .
- (d) Find $g_y(1,1)$.
- (e) Find g_{xy} .
- (f) Find $g_{xy}(1,1)$.
- (g) Find g_{xx} .
- (h) Find $g_{xx}(1,1)$.

Ans: (a) $4x^2y e^{4xy} + 2x e^{4xy}$ (b) $6e^4$ (c) $4x^3 e^{4xy}$ (d) $4e^4$
(e) $16x^3y e^{4xy} + 12x^2 e^{4xy}$ (f) $28e^4$
(g) $(16x^2y^2 + 16xy + 2)e^{4xy}$ (h) $34e^4$