

Assignment 10 answers

Page 448, #10. $p(\lambda) = \lambda^3 - \lambda^2 - \lambda + 1$, eigenvalues are 1, -1 (or 1, 1, -1)

$$\text{Page 448, \#26. } \mathbf{y}_1(t) = e^{-3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{y}_2(t) = e^{-2t} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}, \mathbf{y}_3(t) = e^t \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Page 463, \#2. } \mathbf{y}(t) = C_1 e^{2t} \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + C_2 e^{5t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Page 463, \#24 } \mathbf{y}(t) = C_1 e^t \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2t + \sin 2t \\ -2 \cos 2t \end{bmatrix} + C_2 e^t \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2t - \sin 2t \\ 2 \sin 2t \end{bmatrix}$$

An equivalent answer is

$$\mathbf{y}(t) = C_1 e^t \begin{bmatrix} \sin 2t \\ -\sin 2t - \cos 2t \end{bmatrix} + C_2 e^t \begin{bmatrix} \cos 2t \\ \sin 2t - \cos 2t \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\text{Page 463, \#42 } \mathbf{y}(t) = C_1 e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix} + C_2 e^{3t} \begin{bmatrix} t \\ 1 - 2t \end{bmatrix}$$